

1998 SMALL BUSINESS PROFILE

SMALL BUSINESS: HEART OF THE PENNSYLVANIA ECONOMY

The importance of small business to the state of Pennsylvania is apparent in the 1998 Small Business Profile. This year's findings, compiled by the U.S. Small Business Administration's (SBA) Office of Advocacy, indicate that small businesses are vital to the state's economy. Not only do small businesses play a critical role by efficiently reallocating the state's resources and injecting new ideas into the economy with business starts and stops, but their diversity and composition provide the work force with many opportunities.

Number of Businesses - In 1997, Pennsylvania had 238,308 businesses with employees; 98.5 percent of the businesses were small businesses (percent based on 1995 data for businesses with fewer than 500 workers). In addition to the number of employer businesses, the state also had 440,000 self-employed persons in 1997.

Small Business Income - The income of sole proprietors and partners rose 3.2 percent to \$23.3 billion in 1997, while wage-and-salary income rose 5.3 percent. The state also exported \$19.3 billion of goods in 1997. (In 1992, 81.9 percent of the exporters in the state were small businesses.)

Women-Owned Businesses - According to The National Foundation for Women Business Owners, as of 1996, there were 299,800 women-owned businesses in Pennsylvania, including part-time firms, employing 861,600 people and generating \$103.5 billion in sales. Between 1987 and 1996, the number of women-owned businesses increased 64.7 percent.

Minority Businesses - According to the latest Bureau of the Census data, the number of black-owned firms, including part-time firms, increased 35.7 percent from 1987 to 1992, totaling 15,917 in 1992. The number of Hispanic-owned firms, including part-time businesses, rose 95.7 percent during the same time period with 5,186 firms in 1992. There has also been a marked increase in the number of businesses owned by Asian and Pacific Islanders, American Indians, and Alaskan Natives. The number for this group grew from 7,189 in 1987, to 12,053 in 1992, representing a 67.7 percent increase.

Business Turnover - Between 1996 and 1997, the number of new firms increased 13.8 percent, while new business incorporations increased 7.4 percent. Financial difficulties leading to business bankruptcies increased by 0.8 percent and business failures increased by 6.9 percent.

Finance - An SBA Office of Advocacy study found that the number of banks in Pennsylvania decreased from 254 in 1994 to 217 in 1997. The study also found the top lenders to small businesses in FY 1997 were:

Bank Name	Location
PENNSYLVANIA ST BK	Camp Hill
PIONEER AMERICAN BK NA	Carbondale
JERSEY SHORE ST BK	Jersey Shore
COMMUNITY B&TC	Forest City
OLD FORGE BK	Old Forge
WILLIAMSPORT NB	Williamsport
FARMERS NB OF EMLENTON	Emlenton
FIRST NB OF LEESPORT	Leesport
PFC BK	Ford City
COUNTY NB	Clearfield
CITIZENS & NORTHERN BK	Ralston
YORK B&TC	York
NATIONAL CITY BK OF PA	Pittsburgh

Small businesses seeking loans should also consider banks that participate in SBA loan programs. To locate an SBA preferred or certified lender near you, call 1-800-8-ASK-SBA.

Job Growth - From 1992 to 1996, small businesses (fewer than 500 employees) created all of the net new jobs. The figures below indicate the importance of small businesses as job creators.

Number of Jobs Created by Major Industry and Employment Size of Firm, 1992-1996

Industry	1-4	5-19	20-99	100-499	500+	Totals
All Industries	164,725	56,580	20,784	96,966	(156,573)	182,482
Manufacturing	5,831	6,554	(1,099)	26,139	(107,984)	(70,560)
Retail Trade	28,802	5,362	3,187	19,739	(32,081)	25,009
Services	90,247	36,045	25,718	51,076	(42)	203,044
Other	39,846	8,620	(7,024)	11	(16,465)	24,987

Industries - Small firms in the state are represented in many industries. The Health Services industry is the largest small business employer in Pennsylvania, followed by Eating & Drinking Places. The fastest growing industry for small business is Holding & Other Investment Offices (represents industries that were at least 0.25 percent of the 1995 total). The following three tables provide information about the small business sector in the state.

Table 1, Top Five Industries by Employment, 1995

Industry	SIC	Total Empl.	Percent of	Percent
			total	small
Total - All Industries	1	4,701,548	100.0	51.4
Health Services	8000	582,880	12.4	38.9
Eating & Drinking Places	5800	297,921	6.3	67.6
Business Services	7300	257,839	5.5	51.7
Educational Services	8200	176,239	3.7	27.9
Food Stores	5400	166,640	3.5	46.8

Table 2, Top Small Business Industries by Employment, 1995

Industry	SIC	Small Bus.	Percent of	Percent
		Empl.	total	Small
Total - All Industries	1	2,418,242	100.0	51.4
Health Services	8000	226,634	12.4	38.9
Eating & Drinking Places	5800	201,479	6.3	67.6
Business Services	7300	133,352	5.5	51.7
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	5000	123,355	3.5	74.1
Special Trade Contractors	1700	115,083	2.7	91.2

Table 3, Fastest Growing Industries in Employment for Small Business, 1994 - 1995

Industry	SIC	Small Bus.	Net	Percent
		Empl. 1995	change	change
Total - All Industries	1	2,418,242	59,885	2.5
Holding & Other Investment Offices	6700	5,251	1,193	22.7
Transportation By Air	4500	1,623	245	15.1
Heavy Construction	1600	19,560	2,069	10.6
Special Trade Contractors	1700	115,083	9,268	8.1
Miscellaneous Repair Services	7600	14,596	1,161	8.0

Sources: Office of Advocacy, U.S. Small Business Administration from data provided by the Department of Commerce, Department of Labor, Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, Federal Reserve Board, Dun & Bradstreet Corporation, National Foundation for Women Business Owners, and Cognetics, Inc.